

Te Ture Whenua Tika iio Nga Tangata Whenua

Kei a ratoa te mana tuko Miru, Raharaha, Tipene, Mau Rakau Haapu Whanau

Whanaungatia ka uru te tika ma te mana whakahaere I nga patea whenua.

Ko te ukaipo te wahi, te tangata ranei e whangai ana I te ora, I te haa o te tangata. I te horopaki o te pepi ma te uu.

Engari, I te tikanga whanui whanui, ko te ukaipo hoki te puna o te manakitanga, o te ha ora me te hononga ki te whenua me te whanau.

Ko te tangata whangai e kai ana te kai pakeke, kua puta I te wa pepi pea, kua timata ki te kai I nga momo kai e hangai ana ki te pakeketanga o tona tinana. E tohu ana tenei I te whakawhanaungatanga me te tipu haere o te tangata, katahi ka tau ki nga kai e whakawhanui ake ana I tona oranga me tona kaha.

Te Kooti Marae

Ko te Kooti Marae he wahi nei whakataau rongoa me te whakaroa mo nga whanau me nga hapu, ma te whakamahi I nga tikanga Ahi Kaa hei whakahou I te mana me te whakatau I nga raru I waenga I te tangata, te haponi, kia noho ai te rangimarie me te oranga ki te runga rawa me te whenua.

Ko te paepae

Kei runga I te marae e noho ai te kuia kaumatua me nga kaitiroiro o te kooti. He papa tuu ahua tikanga, ka noho ratou hei kaiarahi me te kaiwhakatu I nga korero me nga tikanga I nga huihuinga o te marae. I te ao Ahi Kaa, ko te paepae te wahi o te mana me te rangatiratanga. Ko te paepae e tohu ana I te paeroa whakahaere o te hapu I runga I nga tikanga Rangatira. Ka rongo I nga korero o te hapu nga karakia, me nga whaikorero I runga I te mana o te whenua me nga kaupapa tuku iho.

The **Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments**; is hereby altered, added to and replaced and these changes are now permanent and unamendable by special resolution in accordance with the tikanga of our Aio Haapu Whanau as follows;

The **Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s2 Interpretation**

(1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

kaitiaki means tangata whenua and man and woman and people.

Maori means Ahi Kaa.

person means a legal entity person only, it does not refer to or include men or women or kaitiaki or tangata whenua.

tangata whenua means kaitiaki and men and women and boys and girls and people.

toxic means capable of causing death or ill health in, or injury to, human beings and tangata whenua and men and women.

Whare means home.

whenua means the real and tangible soil, also known to tangata whenua as land.

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s3 Act binds the Crown

This Act binds the Crown.

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s5 Principles relevant to purpose of Act

All persons exercising functions, powers, and duties under this Act shall, to achieve the purpose of this Act, recognise and provide for the following principles:

(c) safeguarding of the life and health of tangata whenua and people generally by preventing or managing the adverse effects of hazardous substances and new organisms:

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s6 Matters relevant to purpose of Act

All persons exercising functions, powers, and duties under this Act shall, to achieve the purpose of this Act, take into account the following matters:

(a) the sustainability of all native and introduced flora and fauna:

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s7 Precautionary approach

All persons exercising functions, powers, and duties under this Act including, but not limited to, functions, powers, and duties under sections 28A, 29, 32, 38, 45, and 48, shall take into account the need for caution in managing adverse effects where there is scientific and technical uncertainty about those effects and therefore any scientific and technical uncertainty shall be an immediate failure of the application for approval.

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s9 Methodology to be used

(1) The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council, establish a methodology (which includes an assessment of monetary and non-monetary costs and benefits) for making decisions under Part 5 and the Authority shall consistently apply that methodology when making such decisions and this methodology shall ensure that the health and safety of tangata whenua and people generally, as well as air, water, soil, all ecosystems and the relationship of Ahi Kaa and their culture and traditions with their ancestral lands, water, sites, waahi tapu, valued flora and fauna, and other taonga.

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s13 General duty

(1) Every person who imports, possesses, or uses a hazardous substance or new organism shall ensure that—

(a) any adverse effect caused by an act or omission of that person in relation to that substance or organism on any other person or the environment is avoided or remedied;

(2) this sub-section is hereby repealed.

(3) a compliance order shall be served on any person requiring that person to cease or prohibiting that person from commencing anything done or to be done by or on behalf of that person that in the opinion of the enforcement officer relates to any hazardous substance or new organism and is or is likely to be dangerous to such an extent that it has or is likely to have an adverse effect on the health and safety of people or the environment.

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s25C Continuation of certain exemptions under Toxic Substances Regulations 1983

(1) For the purposes of sections 25A and 25B and Schedule 2A, an exemption granted under regulation 49I or regulation 49J of the Toxic Substances Regulations 1983 that is in force immediately before the commencement of the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Stockholm Convention) Amendment Act 2003 continues—

(a) on the new conditions as hereby specified;

(i) any such exemptions shall ensure that the health and safety of tangata whenua and people generally, as well as air,

water, soil, all ecosystems and the relationship of Ahi Kaa and their culture and traditions with their ancestral lands, water, sites, waahi tapu, valued flora and fauna and other taonga as specified in s77B (2) (a).

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s26 Determination of new organism or hazardous substance

(5) Before issuing a determination under this section, the Authority must have regard to and comply with any determination of Whare and tangata whenua which are likely to be, or will be affected by these organisms or substances.

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s28 Application for approval to import or manufacture hazardous substances

(1) (c) Any scientific and technical uncertainty regarding the effects of the hazardous substances in the application shall be an immediate failure of the application for approval.

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s34A Applications for conditional release and for release in respect of same new organism

this section is hereby repealed.

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s42A Rapid assessment of projects for low-risk genetic modification

this section is hereby repealed.

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s44A Additional matters to be considered for certain developments and field tests

this section is hereby repealed.

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s45A Controls required for certain developments and for all field tests

this section is hereby repealed.

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s49 Exemptions from provisions of Act in emergencies

(c) Prior approval has been given by Whare and tangata whenua which are likely to be, or will be affected by these organisms or substances.

The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and amendments; s77B Exposure limits for substances with toxic or ecotoxic properties

(2) Exposure limits set under subsection (1) the following:

(a) environmental exposure limits shall be set at 0% for tangata whenua and people generally, as well as air, water, soil, all ecosystems and the relationship of Ahi Kaa and their culture and traditions with their ancestral lands, water, sites, waahi tapu, valued flora and fauna, and other taonga.

(b) this subclause is hereby repealed